

# Contents

<b>Acknowledgements</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Author’s Introduction</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Section I. History Can Guide Us</b>	<b>15</b>
The System Fails, the Movement Regroups	
Strategic Framework	
The Historical Achievements of the Black Liberation Movement: Lessons for a New Reconstruction	
The First Reconstruction: Program for Emancipation (1865-1877)	
The First Racist Counterrevolution: Jim Crow Apartheid (1877-1953)	
The Second Reconstruction: The Civil Rights Revolution (1954-1980)	
The Second Racist Counterrevolution: The New Right (1980-present)	
The Gulf Coast: The Third Reconstruction (2005-As long as it takes!)	
Grassroots Movements Will Have to Lead: The Democratic Party has Abandoned Black People of New Orleans and the Gulf Coast	
Fighting “Katrina Fatigue”—Supporting Black Leadership at the Grassroots	
<b>Section II. Notes on a Third Reconstruction:     Framing Programmatic Concepts</b>	<b>61</b>
1. Democratic Rights: Defend and Expand Civil Rights	
2. The Right of Self-Determination for Black People in the South and throughout the U.S.	
3. State Unity of the Black Belt South: New Governmental Districts for Black Power	
4. Reparations: The Debt America Owes to Blacks	
5. The Right of Return and the Resettlement of Black Evacuees	
6. Katrina was an Environmental Injustice: Environmental Justice Must Shape Reconstruction	
7. Black Women in the Eye of the Storm	
8. No to the Police State! Yes to the Social Welfare State!	
9. Free the Prisoners	
10. Immigrant Rights and Native Rights Are Part of the Third Reconstruction	
11. U.S. Out of Iraq—Bring the War Home!	
12. The Critical Role of International Allies	
<b>Section III. Conclusion: Movement Building and     Counterhegemonic Demand Development</b>	<b>153</b>
<b>Notes</b>	<b>197</b>
<b>Index</b>	<b>207</b>
<b>About the Author</b>	<b>213</b>
<b>Other Books by Eric Mann</b>	<b>214</b>